PACE 4110 * RCVD AT 10/12/2005 2:41:43 PM [Eastern Daylight Time] * SVR:USPTO-EFXRF-6/0 * DNIS:8729306 * CSID:+281 285 8358 * DURATION (mm-ss):02-02

Appl. No. 10/604,515 Amdt. dated 10/12/2005

Reply to Office action of 04/13/2005

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims

1.-20. (canceled)

21. (new): A method for treating a drilled well, the method comprising the steps of:

positioning distributed temperature sensors on a fiber along an interval within a well,

wherein the distributed temperature sensors provide substantially continuous

temperature monitoring along the interval;

obtaining a baseline temperature profile across the interval;

monitoring substantially continuously the temperature along the interval;

calculating a differential temperature profile across the interval relative to the baseline

temperature profile;

injecting a fluid into the well and into one or more zones surrounding the interval;

shutting-in the well until the temperature in the well substantially stabilizes;

monitoring the shut-in temperature along the interval during the shut-in period;

determining the shut-in temperature deviation relative to the baseline temperature profile

across the interval; and

determining the one or more formation zones in which the injected fluid flowed.

PAGE 5/10 * RCVD AT 10/12/2005 2:41:43 PM [Eastern Daylight Time] * SVR:USPTO-EFXRF-6/0 * DNIS:8729306 * CSID:+281 285 8358 * DURATION (mm-ss):02-02

Appl. No. 10/604,515 Amdt. dated 10/12/2005

Reply to Office action of 04/13/2005

22. (new): The method of claim 21, further comprising the step of determining the shut-in temperature deviation relative to the differential temperature profile measured prior to the shut-in.

23. (new): The method of claim 21, further comprising the step of determining the volume of the fluid injected into the one or more zones.

24. (new): The method of claim 21, wherein the fiber has a bottom end including a temperature sensor for substantially continuous monitoring of bottom-hole temperature.

25. (new): The method of claim 21, wherein the fiber has a bottom end, the bottom end including a temperature sensor for substantially continuous monitoring of bottom-hole temperature and a pressure sensor for measuring for substantially continuous monitoring of bottom-hole pressure.

26. (new): The method of claim 21, wherein the fiber has a bottom end including a pressure sensor for substantially continuous monitoring of bottom-hole pressure.

27. (new): The method of claim 21, further including the step of injecting a subsequent fluid pursuant to the step of determining the zone of injection of the prior injected fluid.

ZOZO: (SS-WW) NOILYRIO : 8928 987 187+3015 : 9026728: SIND : 0/10 - ELXBE-0/10 : DNIS-10/10 : CEID: 187 3328 : DNISYION (WW-2005) Reply to Office action of 04/13/2005

- 28. (new): The method of claim 21, further including the steps of:

 injecting a diverter into the well pursuant to the step of determining the zone of injection of the prior injected fluid; and
 - injecting a subsequent fluid pursuant to the step of determining the zone of injection of the prior injected fluid.
- 29. (new): The method of claim 21, wherein the fluid is a matrix treatment agent.
- 30. (new): The method of claim 21, wherein the fluid is a matrix acidizing agent.
- 31. (new): The method of claim 21, wherein the fluid is a fracturing agent.
- 32. (new): The method of claim 21, wherein the fluid is an acid fracturing agent.
- 33. (new): The method of claim 21, wherein the fluid is a gravel packing agent.

TO CO: (SS-WW) NOILY 30 2828 982 182+: COID: #60604.515 . ONLY 300 2002. COID: #60604.515 . ONLY 300 2002. COID: #60604.515 . ONLY 300 2002. COID: #60604.515 . ONLY 3002. COID: #60604.51

34. (new): A method for treating a drilled well, the method comprising the steps of: positioning distributed temperature sensors on a fiber along an interval within a well surrounded by one or more formation zones, wherein the distributed temperature sensors provide substantially continuous temperature monitoring along the interval;

obtaining a baseline temperature profile across the interval;

monitoring substantially continuously the temperature along the interval;

calculating a differential temperature profile across the interval relative to the baseline temperature profile;

injecting a fluid non-reactive with the one or more formation zones into the well and the one or more formation zones;

calculating the injectivity of the one or more formation zones based on temperature

profile along the interval during the step of injecting the non-reactive fluid;

injecting a fluid reactive to the one or more formation zones into the well and into one or

more formation zones surrounding the interval pursuant to the calculating the

injectivity step;

shutting-in the well until the temperature in the well substantially stabilizes;
monitoring the shut-in temperature along the interval during the shut-in period;
determining the shut-in temperature deviation relative to the baseline temperature profile
across the interval; and

determining the one or more formation zones in which the injected fluid flowed.

PAGE 8/10 * RCVD AT 10/12/2005 2:41:43 PM [Eastern Daylight Time] * SVR: USPTO-EFXRF-6/0 * DNIS:8729306 * CSID:+281 285 8358 * DURATION (mm-ss):02-02

Appl. No. 10/604,515 Amdt. dated 10/12/2005

Reply to Office action of 04/13/2005

35. (new): The method of claim 34, further comprising the step of determining the shut-in temperature deviation relative to the differential temperature profile measured prior to the shut-in.

36. (new): The method of claim 34, further including the step of injecting a diverter into the well pursuant to the step of determining the injectivity of the one or more formation zones relative to the injecting of the non-reactive fluid.

37. (new): The method of claim 34, further comprising the step of determining the volume of the reactive fluid injected into the one or more zones.

38. (new): The method of claim 34, further including the step of injecting a subsequent fluid pursuant to the step of determining the zone of injection of the prior injected fluid.

39. (new): The method of claim 34, further including the steps of:

injecting a diverter into the well pursuant to the step of determining the zone of injection of the prior injected fluid; and

injecting a subsequent fluid pursuant to the step of determining the zone of injection of the prior injected fluid.

DAGE 9/10; BCVD AT 10/17/2005 2:41:43 PM [Eastern Daylight Time] . SVR:USPTO-EFXRF-6/0 . DNIS:8729306 . CSID:+281 288 8358 . DURATION (mm-sc): 10/2005 . DNIS:8729306 . CSID:+281 288 8358 . DURATION (mm-sc): 10/2005 . DNIS:8729306 . CSID:+281 288 8358 . DURATION (mm-sc): 10/2005 . DNIS:8729306 . CSID:+281 288 8358 . DURATION (mm-sc): 10/2005 . DNIS:8729306 . CSID:+281 288 8358 . DURATION (mm-sc): 10/2005 . DNIS:8729306 . CSID:+281 288 8358 . DURATION (mm-sc): 10/2005 . DNIS:8729306 . CSID:+281 288 8358 . DNIS:8729306 . DNIS:87293

40. (new): The method of claim 34, further including the steps of:
injecting a diverter into the well pursuant to the step of determining the one or more
formation zones of injection of the prior injected reactive fluid; and
injecting a subsequent fluid pursuant to the step of determining the zone of injection of

the prior injected reactive fluid.

90-81-130